

PROJECT NAME
GALE

BASED ON
Schaffer-Vega Diversity System

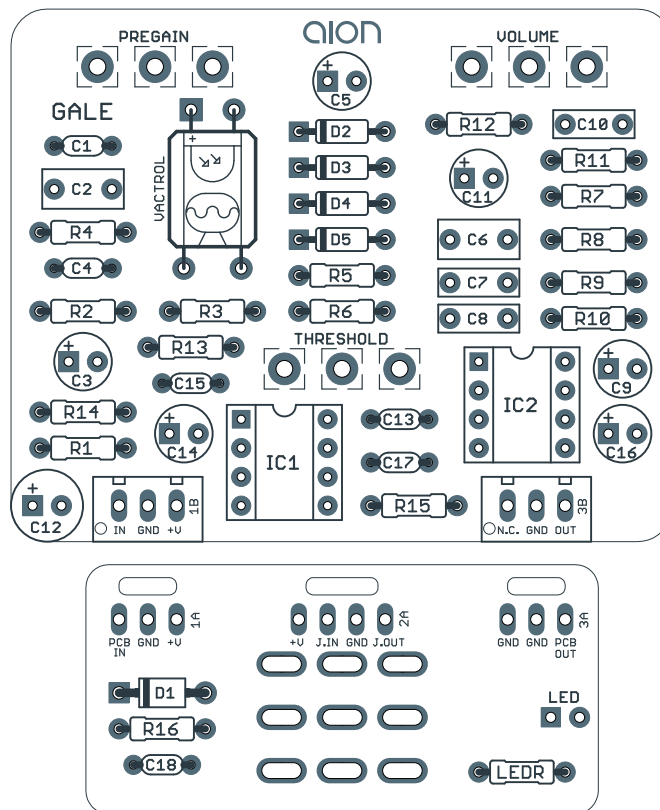
BUILD DIFFICULTY
■■■■■ Easy

EFFECT TYPE
Booster & optical limiter

DOCUMENT VERSION
1.0.1 (2019-11-26)

PROJECT SUMMARY

A pedal adaptation of the Schaffer-Vega Diversity System (SVDS), the first widely-used wireless system for guitar, famously used by AC/DC, Van Halen, Kiss, and Pink Floyd.



Actual size is 2.3" x 1.86" (main board) and 1.78" x 0.86" (bypass board).

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INTRODUCTION

The Gale Booster / Limiter is a pedal adaptation of the Schaffer-Vega Diversity System, and more directly based on the SoloDallas Storm (version 2, 2019, traced by Aion FX). The SVDS was designed by Ken Schaffer and released in 1976 by the Vega Corporation. It was the first wireless system that was reliable enough to be used by major touring acts.

While it was used by several famous guitarists including Ace Frehley, David Gilmour and Eddie Van Halen, it's Angus Young of AC/DC whose tone was most impacted by it. He found that when he was in the studio, he couldn't get quite the same tone as he got on stage, so he ended up running his guitar through the wireless unit even when recording.

Because of this, the SVDS joins the ranks of the SDD-3000 and Echoplex EP-3 as an effect unit whose coloration was desirable even when the main part of the effect wasn't used.

In the pedal adaptation, the actual wireless portions of the SVDS have been removed, leaving only the pregain, limiter, and output amplifier, which form the core analog signal path of the original unit.

The Gale is a direct adaptation of the Storm with no changes except for some added power filtering.

USAGE

The Gale has the following controls:

- **Pregain** sets the signal level at the input. At higher settings, it can drive the limiter harder for more compression.
- **Threshold** sets the threshold of the optical limiter.
- **Volume** is the output volume control.

PARTS LIST

This parts list is also available in a spreadsheet format which can be imported directly into Mouser for easy parts ordering. Mouser doesn't carry all the parts—most notably potentiometers—so the second tab lists all the non-Mouser parts as well as sources for each.

[View parts list spreadsheet](#) →

PART	VALUE	TYPE	NOTES
R1	2k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R2	1M	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R3	2k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R4	15k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R5	1k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R6	10k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R7	10k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R8	2k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R9	8k2	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R10	2k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R11	10R	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R12	10R	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R13	10k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R14	10k	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R15	10R	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
R16	10R	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	
LED R	4k7	Metal film resistor, 1/4W	LED current-limiting resistor. Adjust value to change LED brightness.
C1	OMIT	MLCC capacitor, NP0/C0G	120pF capacitor disconnected in original. See build notes.
C2	1uF	Film capacitor, 7.2 x 3.5mm	
C3	10uF	Electrolytic capacitor, 5mm	
C4	120pF	MLCC capacitor, NP0/C0G	Measured value 130pF in original.
C5	OMIT	Electrolytic capacitor, 5mm	10uF capacitor disconnected in original. See build notes.
C6	1uF	Film capacitor, 7.2 x 3.5mm	
C7	1n	Film capacitor, 7.2 x 2.5mm	
C8	100n	Film capacitor, 7.2 x 2.5mm	
C9	10uF	Electrolytic capacitor, 5mm	
C10	100n	Film capacitor, 7.2 x 2.5mm	
C11	10uF	Electrolytic capacitor, 5mm	
C12	100uF	Electrolytic capacitor, 6.3mm	Power supply filter capacitor.
C13	100n	MLCC capacitor, X7R	Power supply filter capacitor.

PARTS LIST, CONT.

PART	VALUE	TYPE	NOTES
C14	10uF	Electrolytic capacitor, 5mm	
C15	100n	MLCC capacitor, X7R	
C16	10uF	Electrolytic capacitor, 5mm	
C17	100n	MLCC capacitor, X7R	
C18	100n	MLCC capacitor, X7R	
D1	1N5817	Schottky diode, DO-41	
D2	BAT42	Schottky diode, DO-35	
D3	BAT42	Schottky diode, DO-35	
D4	BAT42	Schottky diode, DO-35	
D5	BAT42	Schottky diode, DO-35	
IC1	RC4558P	Operational amplifier, DIP8	
IC1-S	DIP-8 socket	IC socket, DIP-8	
IC2	LM386N-1	Audio amplifier, DIP8	
IC2-S	DIP-8 socket	IC socket, DIP-8	
PRE.	100kB	16mm right-angle PCB mount pot	
THR.	100kA	16mm right-angle PCB mount pot	
VOL.	1kB	16mm right-angle PCB mount pot	
VACT	NSL-32	Vactrol/opto-isolator, NSL-32	
LED	5mm	LED, 5mm, red diffused	
IN	1/4" stereo	1/4" phone jack, closed frame	Switchcraft 112BX or equivalent.
OUT	1/4" mono	1/4" phone jack, closed frame	Switchcraft 111X or equivalent.
DC	2.1mm	DC jack, 2.1mm panel mount	Mouser 163-4302-E or equivalent.
BATT	Battery snap	9V battery snap	Optional. Use the soft plastic type—the hard-shell type will not fit.
FSW	3PDT	Stomp switch, 3PDT	
ENC	125B	Enclosure, die-cast aluminum	Can also use a Hammond 1590N1.

BUILD NOTES

Wiring note

In order to maintain good grounding practices, the LM386 output stage has been given its own ground instead of sharing a ground plane with the input stage and limiter circuit. Because of this, there is another ground wire that needs to be connected on the right side, adjacent to the “Out” wire.

The wiring diagram shows this added wire, but since it’s otherwise identical to most other Aion projects, it could easily be overlooked.

Omitted parts

The SoloDallas Storm has two capacitors on the PCB that are populated, but linked by jumpers on the bottom side so that they are disconnected unless the jumpers are in place. This is a common manufacturing trick in SMT assembly that lets them decide on the fly whether to use either of the capacitors, even on a per-unit basis.

The first is a 120pF capacitor on the input, which is commonly used to tame radio frequencies, and is marked “input RF filter” on the PCB.

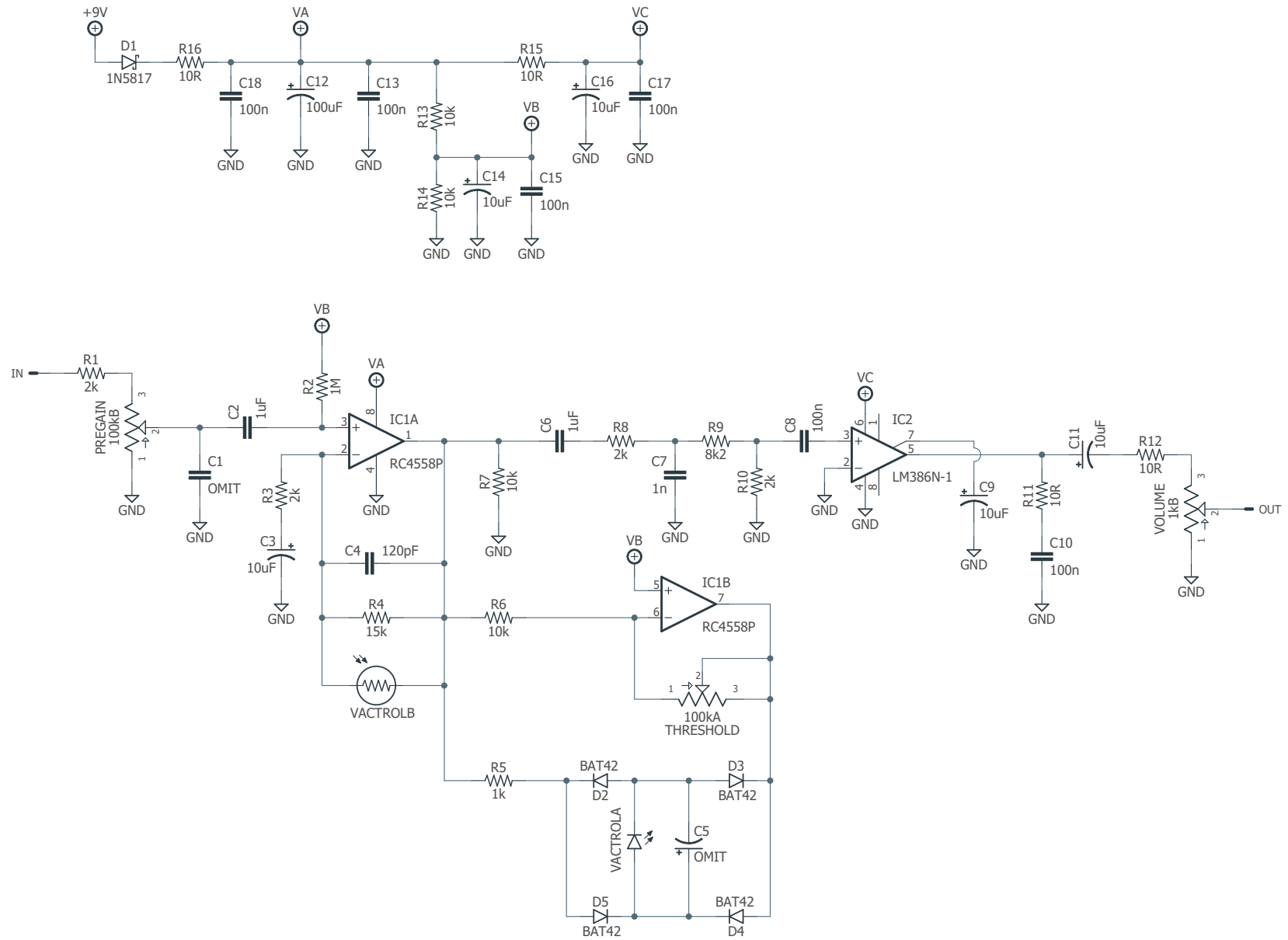
The second is a 10uF capacitor in parallel with the vactrol LED which helps control the attack time, marked “isolator threshold” on the PCB. This capacitor is very commonly used in similar optical compressor/limiter circuits.

In the Gale project, the jumpers have been omitted, so you can just decide whether to include the capacitors or leave them off. On the unit that was traced, both jumpers were unpopulated, so both capacitors were disconnected.

Vactrol selection

The original Storm unit uses an NSL-32 vactrol. A VTL5C3 was found to work just as well, so there are probably a few different types you can use here if you don’t have access to the NSL-32.

SCHEMATIC



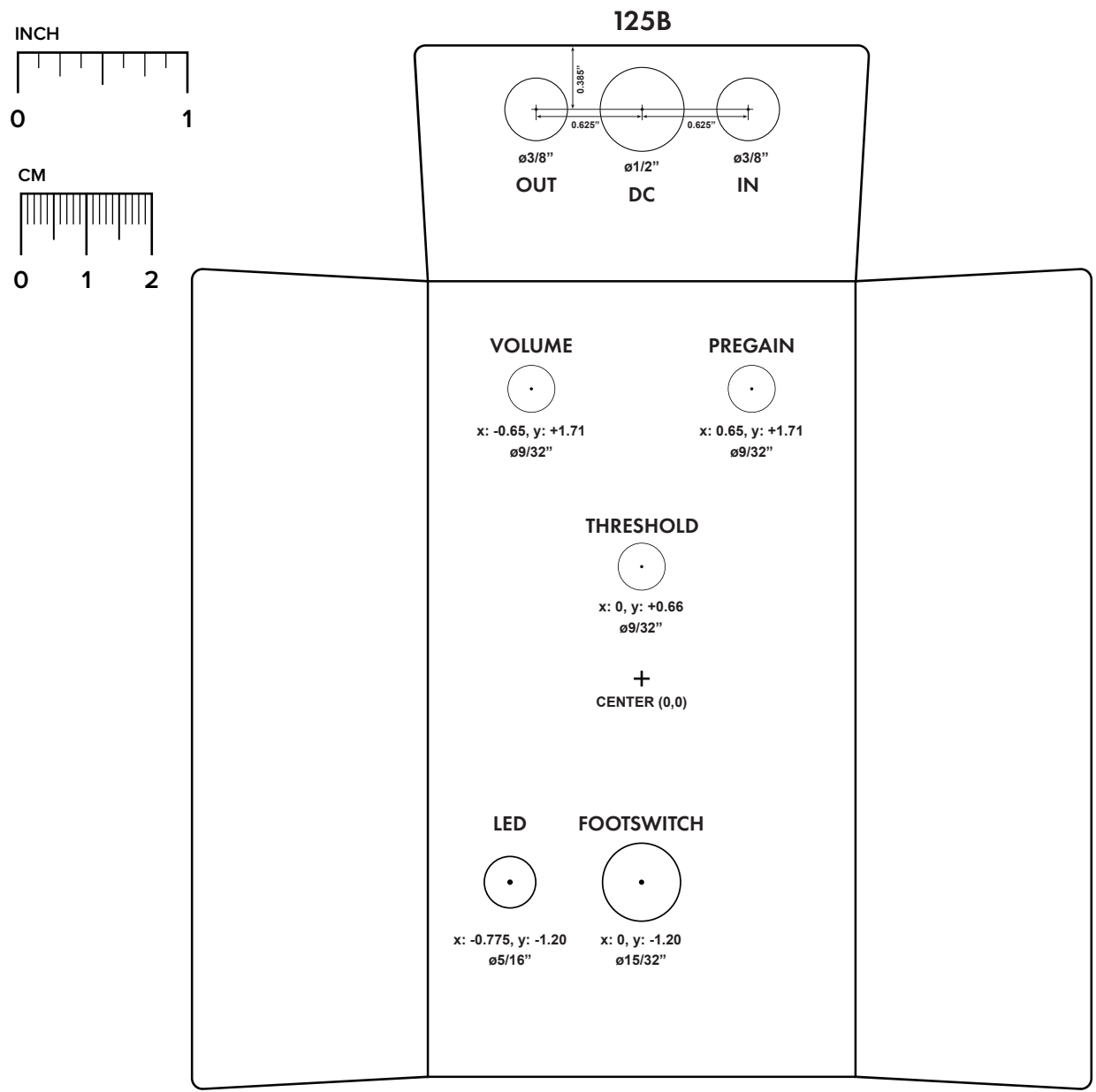
DRILL TEMPLATE

Cut out this drill template, fold the edges and tape it to the enclosure. Before drilling, it's recommended to first use a center punch for each of the holes to help guide the drill bit.

Ensure that this template is printed at 100% or "Actual Size". You can double-check this by measuring the scale on the printed page.

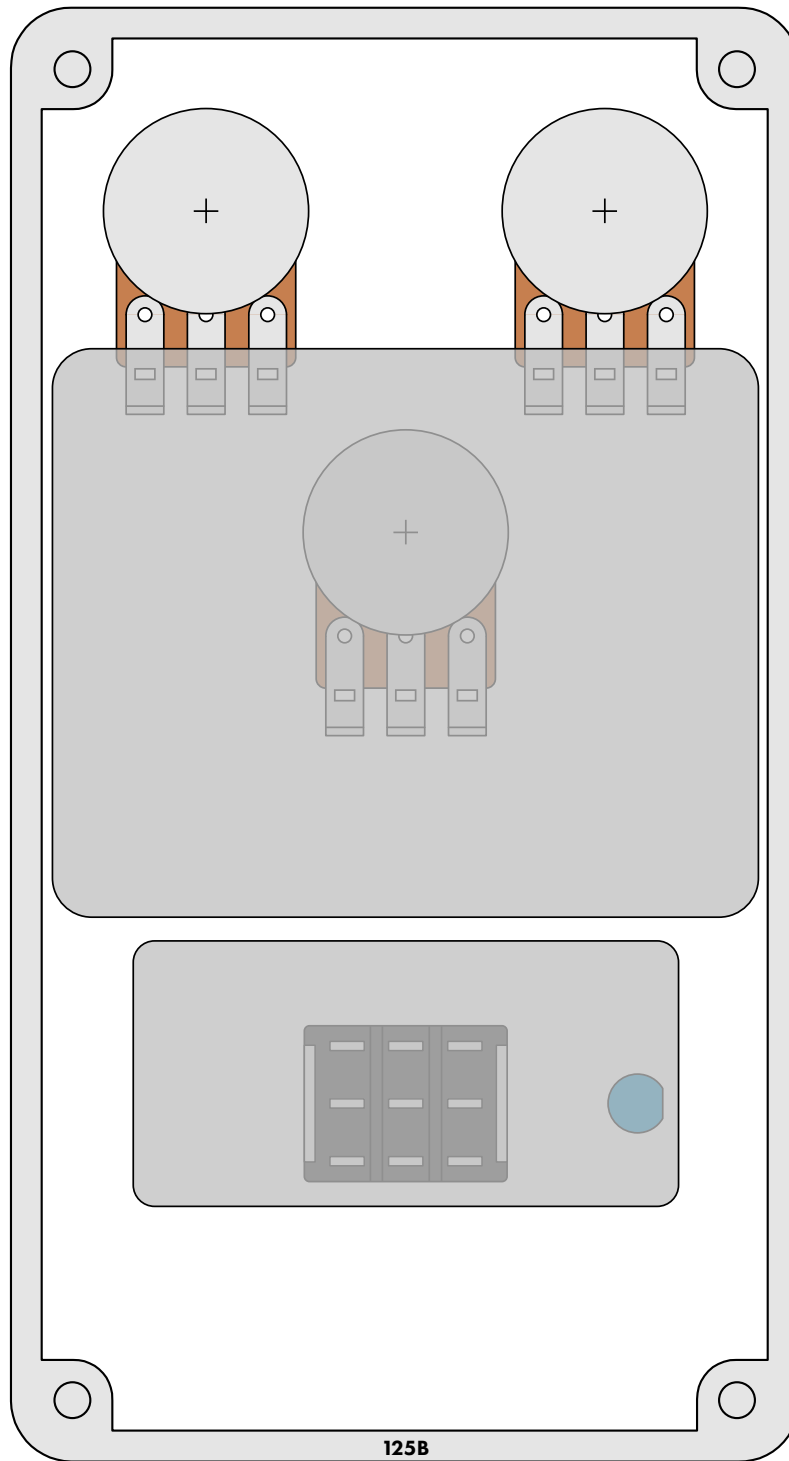
Top jack layout assumes the use of closed-frame jacks like the [Switchcraft 111X](#). If you'd rather use open-frame jacks, please refer to the Open-Frame Jack Drill Template for the top side.

LED hole drill size assumes the use of a [5mm LED bezel](#), available from several parts suppliers. Adjust size accordingly if using something different, such as a 3mm bezel, a plastic bezel, or just a plain LED.



ENCLOSURE LAYOUT

Enclosure is shown without jacks. See next page for jack layout and wiring.



LICENSE & USAGE

No direct support is offered for these projects beyond the provided documentation. It's assumed that you have at least some experience building pedals before starting one of these. Replacements and refunds cannot be offered unless it can be shown that the circuit or documentation are in error.

All of these circuits have been tested in good faith in their base configurations. However, not all the modifications or variations have necessarily been tested. These are offered only as suggestions based on the experience and opinions of others.

Projects may be used for commercial endeavors in any quantity unless specifically noted. No attribution is necessary, though a link back is always greatly appreciated. The only usage restrictions are that **(1) you cannot resell the PCB as part of a kit without prior arrangement, and (2) you cannot “goop” the circuit, scratch off the screenprint, or otherwise obfuscate the circuit to disguise its source.** (In other words: you don't have to go out of your way to advertise the fact that you use these PCBs, but please don't go out of your way to hide it. The guitar effects industry needs more transparency, not less!)

DOCUMENT REVISIONS

1.0.1 (2019-11-26)

Values of R5 and R6 were reversed in the parts list. R5 should be 1k and R6 should be 10k. The schematic and Google spreadsheet were correct.

1.0.0 (2019-10-18)

Initial release.